

ENTRANCE TEST-2022

SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

ANTHROPOLOGY

Total Questions : 60
Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Question Booklet Series **D**

Roll No. :

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Instructions for Candidates :

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1. The author of 'On the Origin of Species' is :
 - (A) Charles Lyell
 - (B) Charles Darwin
 - (C) Comte Buffon
 - (D) Jean-Baptiste Lamark
2. DNA stands for :
 - (A) Diadetic Nuclear Acid
 - (B) Deoxyribonucleic Acid
 - (C) Diribonucleic Acid
 - (D) None of the above
3. Anthropometry is concerned with :
 - (A) Meteorology
 - (B) Human body measurements
 - (C) Elections
 - (D) None of the above
4. In India, Census is held every :
 - (A) 5 years
 - (B) 10 years
 - (C) 15 years
 - (D) None of the above
5. Article _____ of the Indian Constitution lays down that "The State shall promote with special care the educational and economic interests of the weaker sections of the people, and, in particular, of the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes, and shall protect them from social injustice and all forms of exploitation".
 - (A) Article 45
 - (B) Article 46
 - (C) Article 47
 - (D) None of the above
6. The right to freedom of opinion and expression is contained in _____ of the Indian Constitution.
 - (A) Article 19
 - (B) Article 20
 - (C) Article 21
 - (D) None of the above
7. In India, Parliament is :
 - (A) Unicameral
 - (B) Bicameral
 - (C) Tricameral
 - (D) None of the above
8. The Chairman of Rajya Sabha is :
 - (A) Speaker of Lok Sabha
 - (B) Vice President of India
 - (C) Prime Minister of India
 - (D) Chief Justice of Supreme Court
9. The full form of MGNREGA is :
 - (A) Mahatma Gandhi National Responsive Employee Guarantee Action
 - (B) Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Entrepreneurship Guarantee Association
 - (C) Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act
 - (D) None of the above
10. Scurvy is associated with Deficiency of :
 - (A) Vitamin C
 - (B) Iodine
 - (C) Vitamin D3
 - (D) None of the above

11. The current head of WHO is :
- (A) Dr. Anthony S. Fauci
 (B) Dr. Tedros Adhanom Ghebreyesus
 (C) Antonio Gutteres
 (D) None of the above
12. IPCC stands for :
- (A) International Panel for Climate Control
 (B) Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
 (C) Indian Panel for Climate Change
 (D) None of the above
13. Quantitative research is :
- (A) Inductive
 (B) Deductive
 (C) Flexible
 (D) None of the above
14. Snowball Sampling is a type of :
- (A) Probability Sampling
 (B) Non-probability Sampling
 (C) Stratified Random Sampling
 (D) None of the above
15. Participant Observation includes :
- (A) Living among the people being studied
 (B) Taking part in important events of the group
 (C) Writing or recording notes on observations
 (D) All of the above
16. Interview Schedule is used for :
- (A) Job Listings
 (B) Scheduling
 (C) Collection of Data
 (D) None of the above
17. The language spoken by the highest proportion of population in Jammu and Kashmir is :
- (A) Punjabi
 (B) Kashmiri
 (C) Dogri
 (D) Pahari
18. As per the Jammu and Kashmir Official Languages Act, 2020, Jammu and Kashmir has ___ official languages.
- (A) 2
 (B) 3
 (C) 4
 (D) 5
19. Sheikh Noor-ud Din Noorani is popularly known as :
- (A) Nund Rishi
 (B) Sheikh-ul-Alam
 (C) Alamdar-e-Kashmir
 (D) All of the above
20. Which of the following is a handicraft product from Kashmir ?
- (A) Phulkari
 (B) Kani Shawl
 (C) Warli Art
 (D) None of the above

21. The term Anthropology comes from the Greek words :
- anthro and logicos
 - anthropos and logos
 - Anthropena and logis
 - None of the above
22. Which of the following is not a branch of Anthropology ?
- Biological Anthropology
 - Cultural Anthropology
 - Linguistic Anthropology
 - Electronic Anthropology
23. Each year, World Anthropology Day is observed on :
- First Sunday of January
 - Third Thursday in February
 - First Thursday in May
 - None of the above
24. 'The Remembered Village' is authored by :
- L.R. Vidyarthi
 - M.N. Srinivas
 - T.K. Oomen
 - D.N. Majumdar
25. The attitude that other societies' customs and ideas can be judged in the context of one's own culture is :
- Acculturation
 - Diffusion
 - Ethnocentrism
 - None of the above
26. A _____ is a set of kin whose members trace descent from a common ancestor through known links.
- Clan
 - Lineage
 - Totem
 - None of the above
27. The Reference Point or focal person from which all relationships can be traced on a genealogical diagram is :
- Id
 - Centrum
 - Ego
 - Super Ego
28. Societies in which all people of a given age-sex category have equal access to economic resources, power, and prestige are :
- Rank Societies
 - Egalitarian Societies
 - Class Societies
 - None of the above
29. As per Max Weber, the types of authority are :
- Charismatic, Traditional, Legal-Rational
 - Inherited, Indebted, Shadow
 - Total, Flexible, Hybrid
 - None of the above
30. The book 'Structure and Function in Primitive Societies' is authored by :
- Herbert Spencer
 - Alfred Radcliffe-Brown
 - Emile Durkhiem
 - None of the above

31. The rule that requires marriage to a person from outside one's own group (kin or community) :
- (A) Endogamy
(B) Exogamy
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of the above
32. A young man and woman establish _____ residence when they marry, setting up a new household apart from their parents and other relatives.
- (A) Neolocal
(B) Patrilocal
(C) Matrilocal
(D) None of the above
33. 'Das Capital' was written by :
- (A) Leon Trotsky
(B) Karl Marx
(C) Vladimir Lenin
(D) None of the above
34. The All India Trade Union Congress (AITUC) was founded in :
- (A) 1901
(B) 1920
(C) 1957
(D) 1947
35. In direct recruitment on all India basis by open competition (for filling posts and services in Government of India), the reservation for Scheduled Castes (SCs) in India is :
- (A) 11%
(B) 15%
(C) 25%
(D) 50%
36. The Independent Labour Party (ILP) was formed in 1936 in India by :
- (A) Jawaharlal Nehru
(B) B.R. Ambedkar
(C) M.K. Gandhi
(D) None of the above
37. The term 'gender identity' was coined in 1964 by :
- (A) Pierre Bourdieu
(B) Robert J. Stoler
(C) Michel Foucault
(D) None of the above
38. From 2001 to 2011, the sex ratio in Jammu and Kashmir :
- (A) increased
(B) decreased
(C) remained same
(D) wasn't measured
39. The book 'Second Sex' is written by :
- (A) Judith Butler
(B) Simone De Beauvoir
(C) Irawati Karwe
(D) None of the above
40. The full form of IGNWPS is :
- (A) Indira Gandhi National Women Police Station
(B) Indian Gram National Women Parliamentary Scheme
(C) Indira Gandhi National Widow Pension Scheme
(D) None of the above

41. Which of the following tribes is a Scheduled Tribe (ST) in Jammu and Kashmir ?
- (A) Gujjar
(B) Bakerwal
(C) Gaddi
(D) All of the above
42. The Scheduled Tribes and Other Traditional Forest Dwellers (Recognition of Forest Rights) Act, also called the Forest Rights Act was passed in the year :
- (A) 2001
(B) 2006
(C) 2002
(D) 2000
43. The head office of Anthropological Society of India is in :
- (A) Jammu
(B) Kolkata
(C) Mumbai
(D) Imphal
44. The Santhal Rebellion took place in :
- (A) 1910-1911
(B) 1855-1856
(C) 1870-1871
(D) None of the above
45. Raja Rammohan Roy established _____ in 1828.
- (A) Indian Reform Association
(B) Brahma Samaj
(C) Arya Samaj
(D) None of the above
46. Arya Samaj was founded by :
- (A) Atmaram Pandurang
(B) Raja Rammohan Roy
(C) Swami Dayananda Saraswati
(D) None of the above
47. Ramakrishna Mission was founded in 1897 by :
- (A) Swami Vivekananda
(B) Raja Rammohan Roy
(C) Jyotiba Phule
(D) None of the above
48. The Aligarh Movement was started by :
- (A) Abdul Kalam Azad
(B) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
(C) Shibli Nomani
(D) Sahabzada Aftab Ahmad Khan
49. Lord Canning became the Viceroy of India in :
- (A) 1843
(B) 1858
(C) 1901
(D) 1801
50. The Indian National Congress was formed in the year :
- (A) 1801
(B) 1885
(C) 1920
(D) 1947

51. 'Annihilation of Caste' was written by :
 (A) Umesh Chandra Banerjee
 (B) Lala Lajpat Rai
 (C) Jawaharlal Nehru
 (D) B.R. Ambedkar
52. The Quit India Movement was launched in :
 (A) 1933
 (B) 1942
 (C) 1947
 (D) None of the above
53. As per the 2011 Census, ___ % of India's population is rural.
 (A) 68.84
 (B) 31.16
 (C) 20.8
 (D) 80.7
54. Which of the following amendments is associated with strengthening of Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) in India ?
 (A) 73rd Amendment, 1992
 (B) 75th Amendment, 1994
 (C) 91st Amendment, 2003
 (D) None of the above
55. The full form of AMRUT is :
 (A) American Mission for Rural and Urban Transformation
 (B) All-India Major Rural and Urban Transformation
 (C) Atal Mission for Rejuvenation and Urban Transformation
 (D) None of the above
56. Migration within a country is called :
 (A) Internal Migration
 (B) Immigration
 (C) Emigration
 (D) None of the above
57. The tools of the Lower Paleolithic Period include :
 (A) Chopper
 (B) Handaxes
 (C) Cleavers
 (D) All of the above
58. Mesolithic Age is also known as :
 (A) Iron Age
 (B) Microlithic Age
 (C) Bronze Age
 (D) None of the above
59. Neolithic is also referred to as :
 (A) Neolithic Revolution
 (B) Neolithic Adaptation
 (C) Neolithic Diffusion
 (D) None of the above
60. The oldest Ice Age (Period : 2.4-2.1 billion years) is :
 (A) Huronian
 (B) Cryogenian
 (C) Andean-Saharan
 (D) Quaternary Ice Age

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1. The process of learning of behaviour and attitudes appropriate for a given sex is called:
 - (A) Androcentrism
 - (B) Gender displays
 - (C) Gender socialisation
 - (D) Gender roles
2. Nancy Chodorow is the author of:
 - (A) City of Ladies
 - (B) The Second Sex
 - (C) Vindication of the Rights of Women
 - (D) The Reproduction of Mothering
3. Meeting the needs of the present generation without compromising the needs of future generations:
 - (A) Economic Development
 - (B) Sustainable Development
 - (C) Social Development
 - (D) Human Development
4. Harappan Culture existed during:
 - (A) Stone Age
 - (B) Bronze Age
 - (C) Iron Age
 - (D) None of these
5. Article 25 of the Indian Constitution guarantees:
 - (A) Freedom of Religion
 - (B) Safeguards against Arbitrary Arrest and Detention
 - (C) Freedom of Conscience
 - (D) Freedom of Association
6. The Indigo Revolt took place in:
 - (A) 1856-57
 - (B) 1851-52
 - (C) 1859-60
 - (D) 1870-71
7. What is a Secular State ?
 - (A) Has no religion of its own
 - (B) Cabinet
 - (C) Constituent Assembly
 - (D) Parliament
8. Freedom of Speech is linked to:
 - (A) Article 19
 - (B) Article 24
 - (C) Article 14
 - (D) Article 32
9. The phrase "Survival of the Fittest" was coined by:
 - (A) J S Mill
 - (B) Herbert Spencer
 - (C) Charles Darwin
 - (D) None of these
10. International Women's Day is celebrated every year on:
 - (A) January 13
 - (B) March 8
 - (C) May 16
 - (D) April 10
11. Bourgeois is used to refer to:
 - (A) Peasant
 - (B) Capitalist
 - (C) Socialist
 - (D) Liberal
12. Karl Marx uses the term Infrastructure for:
 - (A) Culture
 - (B) Religion
 - (C) Economic Relations
 - (D) Kinship
13. Deforestation causes:
 - (A) Soil Erosion
 - (B) Flooding
 - (C) Global Warming
 - (D) All of these

14. Pollution coming from one country to another is called:
- Trans boundary Pollution
 - Accidental Pollution
 - Chronic Pollution
 - None of these
15. In 1873, he organised an association called the "Satyashodhak Samaj" and asked his followers not to engage any Brahman priest in the said association:
- B R Ambedkar
 - Jyotiba Phule
 - Mahatma Gandhi
 - Sahajanand Saraswati
16. Kinship based on marriage is called:
- Consanguineous Kinship
 - Primary Kinship
 - Tertiary Kinship
 - Affinal Kinship
17. Who was the last Viceroy of India ?
- Lord Ripon
 - Lord Lytton
 - Lord Curzon
 - Lord Mountbatten
18. Scheduled Castes constitute _____ percent of total population in India as per 2011 Census.
- 16.6
 - 17.6
 - 18.6
 - 10.6
19. The five point Charter (PANCHSHEEL) for tribal people is founded by:
- B R Ambedkar
 - Jawaharlal Nehru
 - Mahatma Gandhi
 - A.V. Thakkar
20. The first National Forest Policy after independence was formulated in:
- 1952
 - 1949
 - 1953
 - 1951
21. The _____ was largely against the feudal conditions in the princely state of Hyderabad.
- Tebhaga Movement
 - Telangana Movement
 - Naxalbari Movement
 - None of these
22. Sachar Committee Report mainly addresses:
- Economic and Political conditions of Indians
 - Educational and Economic condition of Dalits
 - Educational and Economic condition of Muslims
 - None of these
23. The term used to describe the ethnic diversity that exists everywhere in the world today:
- Cultural Identity
 - Cultural Construct
 - Culturalism
 - Multiculturalism
24. _____ is an intensive study of a case which may be an individual, an institution, a system, a community, an organization, an event or even entire culture.
- Survey method
 - Case Study method
 - Interview method
 - Pilot Study

25. When the purpose of research is to describe the culture and lifestyle of the group of people in their living habitat it is called:
- Social Surveys
 - Questionnaire
 - Ethnography
 - None of these
26. Who is the author of the book "Daughters of The Vitasta" ?
- PN Bazaz
 - Walter Lawrence
 - TN Madan
 - Ram Krishan Koul
27. Deficiency of _____ causes dry skin and night blindness.
- Vitamin D
 - Vitamin C
 - Vitamin A
 - Vitamin E
28. In Social Science Research, the term used to designate a representative portion of the whole population is:
- Universe
 - Sample
 - Sampling
 - None of these
29. _____ lacks nucleus and membrane bound organelles.
- Mitochondria
 - Prokaryotic
 - Eukaryotic
 - None of these
30. Which is the largest gland of human body ?
- Liver
 - Pancreas
 - Pineal gland
 - Thyroid gland
31. Total Number of High Courts in India is:
- 20
 - 25
 - 26
 - 28
32. NITI Aayog came into existence on:
- 1st January 2015
 - 3rd December 2015
 - 4th May 2014
 - 6th November 2016
33. _____ was launched on 2nd April 2005 to reduce Infant Mortality Rate and Maternal Mortality Rate.
- NUHM
 - MGNREGA
 - NRHM
 - Bharat Nirman
34. The Marriage of one man to several women is referred to as:
- Polyandry
 - Polygamy
 - Hypogamy
 - Polygyny
35. The practice of calling Husband by Son's name is:
- Teknonymy
 - Avoidance
 - Amitate
 - Couvade

36. Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana (PMAY), a centrally sponsored Scheme, was launched in:
- (A) 2012
(B) 2013
(C) 2014
(D) 2015
37. Saiyid Sharafuddin (Bulbul Shah) was in Kashmir during the reign of :
- (A) Lalitaditya
(B) Rinchan Shah
(C) Sultan Zainulabidin
(D) Emperor Akbar
38. The concept of Dysfunction is given by:
- (A) Talcott Parsons
(B) Herbert Spencer
(C) R K Merton
(D) Emile Durkhiem
39. _____ postulated three stages (Savage Society, Barbarism, and Civilisation) to understand cultural evolution.
- (A) Tylor
(B) Morgan
(C) Radcliffe Brown
(D) Lévi-Strauss
40. In Ancient Kashmir, Nila was the King of:
- (A) Nagas
(B) Pisachas
(C) Both (A) and (B)
(D) None of these
41. Cultural Anthropology Studies:
- (A) Cultural variations and universals in the past and present
(B) Cultural variations and universals in the past
(C) Cultural variations and universals in the present
(D) Cultural variations in the past
42. The Book "Primitive Culture" is written by:
- (A) Franz Boas
(B) L.H. Morgan
(C) E.B. Tylor
(D) Ruth Benedict
43. Who has coined the term "Anthropologist"?
- (A) Kant
(B) Aristotle
(C) Herskovits
(D) Kluckhohn
44. Acculturation is:
- (A) When there is exchange of cultural traits and complexes
(B) When there is a reaction to the loss of own individuality
(C) When a whole way of life is in process of change under the influence of another culture
(D) None of these
45. The concept of "Themes" is given by:
- (A) M E Opler
(B) E B Tylor
(C) Kluckhohn
(D) Ruth Benedict
46. The concept of "Little Tradition" and "Great Tradition" is first introduced by:
- (A) Mckim Marriott
(B) Oscar Lewis
(C) Robert Redfield
(D) M N Srinivas
47. The process by which individuals learn the culture of their society is called:
- (A) Acculturation
(B) Socialization
(C) Transculturation
(D) Assimilation

48. Every society contains a large number of guidelines which direct conduct in particular situations. These are called:
- (A) Values
 - (B) Norms
 - (C) Mores
 - (D) Folkways
49. Which of the following is an achieved status?
- (A) Sex
 - (B) Caste
 - (C) Class
 - (D) Age
50. Family is an:
- (A) Institution
 - (B) Association
 - (C) Both (A) and (B)
 - (D) None of these
51. Hypergamy is also known as:
- (A) Anuloma
 - (B) Pratiloma
 - (C) Gotra
 - (D) None of these
52. Family of Procreation is:
- (A) Family in which one is born
 - (B) Family which one sets up after marriage
 - (C) Family in which one lives for their whole lives
 - (D) None of these
53. The Book "Golden Bough" is written by:
- (A) R H Lowie
 - (B) Radcliffe Brown
 - (C) James Frazer
 - (D) Emile Durkheim
54. The study of Animism was pioneered by:
- (A) Max Mueller
 - (B) E.B. Tylor
 - (C) Radcliffe Brown
 - (D) Evan Pritchard
55. The Book "Caste and Class in India" is written by:
- (A) Hutton J.H.
 - (B) Lowie R.H.
 - (C) Maciver R.M.
 - (D) Ghurye G.S.
56. The term "Jajmani System" has been introduced by:
- (A) S.C Dube
 - (B) William Wiser
 - (C) G.S. Ghurye
 - (D) Louis Dumont
57. Second Wave of Feminism is also known as:
- (A) Liberal feminism
 - (B) Post modern feminism
 - (C) Radical feminism
 - (D) Black feminism
58. Empowerment refers to:
- (A) Ability to fight for rights
 - (B) Ability to take part in decision making
 - (C) Access to all resources
 - (D) All of these
59. The founder of Brahma Samaj Movement in Calcutta (now Kolkata) in 1828 is:
- (A) Swami Dayanand Saraswati
 - (B) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
 - (C) Ram Mohan Roy
 - (D) Mahatma Gandhi
60. Charles Darwin wrote "Origin of Species" in:
- (A) 1870
 - (B) 1860
 - (C) 1859
 - (D) 1853

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ANTHROPOLOGY

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1. The _____ was largely against the feudal conditions in the princely state of Hyderabad.
 - (A) Tebhaga Movement
 - (B) Telangana Movement
 - (C) Naxalbari Movement
 - (D) None of these
2. Sachar Committee Report mainly addresses:
 - (A) Economic and Political conditions of Indians
 - (B) Educational and Economic condition of Dalits
 - (C) Educational and Economic condition of Muslims
 - (D) None of these
3. The term used to describe the ethnic diversity that exists everywhere in the world today:
 - (A) Cultural Identity
 - (B) Cultural Construct
 - (C) Culturalism
 - (D) Multiculturalism
4. _____ is an intensive study of a case which may be an individual, an institution, a system, a community, an organization, an event or even entire culture.
 - (A) Survey method
 - (B) Case Study method
 - (C) Interview method
 - (D) Pilot Study
5. When the purpose of research is to describe the culture and lifestyle of the group of people in their living habitat it is called:
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 - Maciver R.M.
 - Ghurye G.S.
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 - G.S. Ghurye
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 - Ability to take part in decision making
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 - Gender displays
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 - The Second Sex
 - Vindication of the Rights of Women
 - The Reproduction of Mothering
43. Meeting the needs of the present generation without compromising the needs of future generations:
- Economic Development
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 - Human Development
44. Harappan Culture existed during:
- Stone Age
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45. Article 25 of the Indian Constitution guarantees:
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49. The phrase "Survival of the Fittest" was coined by:
- J S Mill
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50. International Women's Day is celebrated every year on:
- January 13
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51. Bourgeois is used to refer to:
- Peasant
 - Capitalist
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52. Karl Marx uses the term Infrastructure for:
- Culture
 - Religion
 - Economic Relations
 - Kinship
53. Deforestation causes:
- Soil Erosion
 - Flooding
 - Global Warming
 - All of these
54. Pollution coming from one country to another is called:
- Trans boundary Pollution
 - Accidental Pollution
 - Chronic Pollution
 - None of these
55. In 1873, he organised an association called the "Satyashodhak Samaj" and asked his followers not to engage any Brahman priest in the said association:
- B R Ambedkar
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56. Kinship based on marriage is called:
- Consanguineous Kinship
 - Primary Kinship
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57. Who was the last Viceroy of India ?
- Lord Ripon
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 - Lord Curzon
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58. Scheduled Castes constitute _____ percent of total population in India as per 2011 Census.
- 16.6
 - 17.6
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59. The five point Charter (PANCHSHEEL) for tribal people is founded by:
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60. The first National Forest Policy after independence was formulated in:
- 1952
 - 1949
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ENTRANCE TEST-2021**SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES****ANTHROPOLOGY**

Total Questions : 60

Question Booklet Series

C

Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Roll No. :

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12. Sachar Committee Report mainly addresses:
 - (A) Economic and Political conditions of Indians
 - (B) Educational and Economic condition of Dalits
 - (C) Educational and Economic condition of Muslims
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13. The term used to describe the ethnic diversity that exists everywhere in the world today:
- Cultural Identity
 - Cultural Construct
 - Culturalism
 - Multiculturalism
14. _____ is an intensive study of a case which may be an individual, an institution, a system, a community, an organization, an event or even entire culture.
- Survey method
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ENTRANCE TEST-2020**SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES****ANTHROPOLOGY**

Question Booklet Series

D

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- (A) Feminism
(B) Gender order
(C) Gender
(D) Heterosexism
2. Who has concluded that the family is a universal institution after studying 250 societies ?
- (A) George Peter Murdock
(B) Chester L. Hunt
(C) Bronislaw Malinowski
(D) Radcliffe Brown
3. The normative system presents the society with :
- (A) Norms
(B) Ideals
(C) Values
(D) All of the above
4. In 1864, Sir Syed Ahmad Khan founded :
- (A) The Muslim Society
(B) Translation Society
(C) Minority Society
(D) Educational Society
5. _____ is used to describe the dominance of men over women, a dominance which appears in several quite different kinds of society.
- (A) Patrilineal
(B) Patrilocal
(C) Patriarchy
(D) Exogamy
6. An individual looking at other culture in terms of standards of one's own culture is called _____.
- (A) Xero-centrism
(B) Ethnocentrism
(C) Cultural relativism
(D) Acculturation
7. Which is the largest glacier in the Himalayas-Karakoram region ?
- (A) The Lady of Keylong
(B) Tayseer Glacier
(C) Siachen
(D) Nun Kun
8. Who was the first Indian nationalist to embrace *Swaraj* as the destiny of the nation ?
- (A) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
(B) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
(C) Subash Chandra Bose
(D) Jawaharlal Nehru
9. Social sanctions are the enforcement mechanisms for _____.
- (A) Values
(B) Norms
(C) Agency
(D) Habits
10. The Quit India Movement commenced on _____.
- (A) 08 August 1942
(B) 08 August 1943
(C) 15 August 1947
(D) 15 August 1944
11. Who has authored "Indian Village" ?
- (A) S.C. Dube
(B) M.N. Srinivas
(C) Evans Prichard
(D) Ramchandra Guha

12. _____ was started by Ambedkar in 1924 to create a separate, dignified socio-political identity of untouchables.
- (A) Satyashodhak Movement
(B) Mahar Movement
(C) Quit India Movement
(D) Niar Movement
13. Which among the following concepts is fundamental to the caste system ?
- (A) Regulation
(B) Pollution
(C) Prohibition
(D) Commensality
14. For Marx, when groups of people become aware of their conflicting relations with other groups, they are a class :
- (A) For itself
(B) In itself
(C) By itself
(D) Unto each other
15. Deriving from the Greek word for male, androcentrism literally means :
- (A) A doctrine of male centeredness
(B) A doctrine of female centeredness
(C) A doctrine of third gender
(D) None of the above
16. A socially defined marital relationship would be termed :
- (A) Consanguineous kinship
(B) Affinal kinship
(C) Primary kinship
(D) Secondary kinship
17. Who among the following has identified the propertied class, the intelligentsia, the petty-bourgeoisie class, the working class as four main classes in industrial societies ?
- (A) Louis Dumont
(B) Karl Marx
(C) Max Weber
(D) George Simmel
18. A Phratry is composed of several
- (A) Tribes
(B) Sibs
(C) Villages
(D) Clans
19. _____ was the first Viceroy of India.
- (A) Lord Canning
(B) Lord Mountbatten
(C) Lord Chelmsford
(D) Lord Irwin
20. Abolition of Sati was the greatest achievement of :
- (A) Telangana Movement
(B) Indian National Movement
(C) Brahmo Samaj
(D) Arya Samaj
21. The theoretical framework known as cultural relativism has been propagated by :
- (A) Ruth Benedict
(B) Evans Prichard
(C) Radcliffe Brown
(D) Franz Boas
22. Which article of the Indian Constitution says that directive principles are not enforceable by any court ?
- (A) Article 36
(B) Article 37
(C) Article 38
(D) Article 39
23. Cross cultural studies are an example of :
- (A) Comparative design
(B) Case study
(C) Experimental design
(D) Longitudinal design

- 1
24. Which of the following is the member-state of The South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC) ?
 (A) Afghanistan
 (B) Iran
 (C) Iraq
 (D) Saudi Arabia
25. The systematic study of humans as biological organisms is known as :
 (A) Cultural Anthropology
 (B) Physical Anthropology
 (C) Linguistic Anthropology
 (D) Archaeology
26. Who is the current Chairman of Rajya Sabha ?
 (A) M. Venkaiah Naidu
 (B) K.R. Narayanan
 (C) Gajendra Prasad
 (D) Bhairon Singh Shekhawat
27. 'Arya Samaj' a reform movement of modern Hinduism was founded in 1875 by _____.
 (A) Raja Ram Mohan Roy
 (B) Mohan Das Saraswati
 (C) Swami Vivekananda
 (D) Dayananda Saraswati
28. In India, at the commencement of the first session after each general election to Lok Sabha, _____ addresses both Houses of Parliament assembled together and informs Parliament of the causes of its summons.
 (A) President
 (B) Prime Minister
 (C) Speaker
 (D) Vice President
29. _____ locality is considered to be Asia's largest slum.
 (A) Nochikuppam Slum
 (B) Bhalswa Slum
 (C) Saroj Nagar Slum
 (D) Dharavi Slum
30. Which of the following committees was constituted for Panchayat Raj in India ?
 (A) Balwant Rai Mehta Committee
 (B) Justice Verma Committee
 (C) Both of these
 (D) None of the above
31. Who said "Culture or civilization taken in its wide ethnographic sense is that complex whole which includes knowledge, belief, art, law, morals, custom and any other capabilities and habits acquired by man as a member of society" ?
 (A) E.B. Tylor
 (B) Evans Prichard
 (C) Bronislaw Kasper Malinowski
 (D) Alfred Kroeber
32. The right to equality is an important right provided in _____ of the constitution.
 (A) Articles 14-18
 (B) Articles 19-22
 (C) Articles 23-24
 (D) Articles 32-35
33. The United Nations officially came into existence on _____.
 (A) 24th April, 1954
 (B) 24th October, 1945
 (C) 1st August, 1955
 (D) 1st September, 1935
34. Which of the following has contributed towards Kashmir Shaivism ?
 (A) Louis Dumont
 (B) Abhinavagupta
 (C) T.N. Madan
 (D) B.R. Ambedkar
35. MGNREGA aims to enhance livelihood and security in rural areas by providing at least _____ of wage employment in a financial year to every household whose adult members volunteer to do unskilled manual work.
 (A) 365 days
 (B) 200 days
 (C) 165 days
 (D) 100 days

36. Which of the following countries is not the member of the 'Association of Southeast Asian Nations' ?
 (A) Indonesia
 (B) Malaysia
 (C) Singapore
 (D) Nepal
37. Which of the following is a Neolithic settlement ?
 (A) Mehrgarh
 (B) Jhusi
 (C) Both of these
 (D) None of the above
38. Frederic Le Play first introduced the case-study method into social science as a handmaiden to statistics in his studies of :
 (A) Poverty level
 (B) Neighbourhood relations
 (C) Marriage bonds
 (D) Family budgets
39. Which of the following is a component of ethnographic research ?
 (A) Being out of the social group or setting
 (B) Participant observation, interviews, and/or documentary analysis
 (C) E-mail the questionnaire to the respondents
 (D) All of the above
40. What is a research design ?
 (A) A way of conducting research that is not grounded in theory
 (B) The choice between using qualitative or quantitative methods
 (C) The style in which you present your research findings, e.g. a graph
 (D) A framework for every stage of the collection and analysis of data
41. There are around _____ distinct tribes in India recognized by the Constitution.
 (A) 406
 (B) 546
 (C) 465
 (D) 645
42. The Santhal revolt took place in :
 (A) 1888-89
 (B) 1855-56
 (C) 1866-67
 (D) 1890-91
43. The most widely spoken language in Jammu and Kashmir is :
 (A) Kashmiri
 (B) Dogri
 (C) Punjabi
 (D) Balti
44. Who is the author of "The Valley of Kashmir" ?
 (A) Louis Dumont
 (B) Walter Lawrence
 (C) T.N. Madan
 (D) Fazil Kashmiri
45. Largest urban agglomeration in India by population is found in _____.
 (A) Chennai
 (B) Bangalore
 (C) Delhi
 (D) Mumbai
46. Kashmir Shaivism is also known by the name of _____.
 (A) Shaiva Siddhanta
 (B) Lakula Atimargi
 (C) Trika Shaivism
 (D) Tantra Diksha traditions
47. A chromosome is a _____ molecule with part or all of the genetic material (genome) of an organism.
 (A) DNA
 (B) RNA
 (C) Mitochondria
 (D) None of the above

48. The prominent work titled "*Ancient Society*" has been written by :
- (A) L.H. Morgan
(B) Herbert Spencer
(C) Charles Darwin
(D) Auguste Comte
49. Ramakrishna Mission, a Hindu religious society was founded in :
- (A) 1867
(B) 1877
(C) 1887
(D) 1897
50. A social division in a traditional society consisting of families linked by social, economic, religious or blood ties with a common culture and dialect is called a :
- (A) Tribe
(B) Out-group
(C) Totem
(D) Extended family
51. In India, Census is undertaken after every _____ years.
- (A) Ten
(B) Eleven
(C) Five
(D) Twenty
52. The sex ratio of India according to Census of India 2011 is :
- (A) 950
(B) 995
(C) 900
(D) 940
53. To explain evolution, Charles Darwin wrote which of the following works ?
- (A) Lone Survivors
(B) Evolution : The Human History
(C) A Pocket History of Human Evolution
(D) On the Origin of Species
54. _____ is also known by the name of 'Stone Age'.
- (A) Mesolithic Age
(B) Neolithic Age
(C) Paleolithic Age
(D) None of the above
55. The terms "*Paleolithic*" and "*Neolithic*" were introduced by _____ in his work *Pre-historic Times* in 1865.
- (A) John Lubbock
(B) Edouard Piette
(C) Vere Gordon Childe
(D) Knut Stjerna
56. Which is not a feature of tribe ?
- (A) Sense of unity
(B) Common territory
(C) Common language
(D) Exogamy
57. 'The Second Sex' has been written by :
- (A) Mary Wollstonecraft
(B) Fredrik Engels
(C) Simone de Beauvoir
(D) Chandrikala Padia
58. The family in which one is born and reared is called as :
- (A) Family of orientation
(B) Family of procreation
(C) Joint family
(D) Extended family
59. Malinowski sought an alternative to :
- (A) Evolutionism
(B) Diffusionism
(C) Historical Reconstruction
(D) All of the above
60. The customary system of status and roles governing the behaviour of persons related through descent or marriage is called :
- (A) Family tradition
(B) Kinship system
(C) Societal Norm
(D) Cultural Trait