

ENTRANCE TEST-2022**SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES****HISTORY**

Total Questions : 60

Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Question Booklet Series

B

Roll No. :

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Instructions for Candidates :

1. Write your Entrance Test Roll Number in the space provided at the top of this page of Question Booklet and fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR Answer Sheet.
2. OMR Answer Sheet has an Original Copy and a Candidate's Copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the Original Copy, candidate should ensure that the two copies are aligned properly so that the entries made in the Original Copy against each item are exactly copied in the Candidate's Copy.
3. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
4. Choose the correct / most appropriate response for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. The incomplete darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR Scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
5. Use only blue/black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct/most appropriate response. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
6. Do not darken more than one circle of options for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.
7. There will be '**Negative Marking**' for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to the deduction of 0.25 marks from the total score of the candidate.
8. Only those candidates who would obtain positive score in Entrance Test Examination shall be eligible for admission.
9. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet.
10. Calculators and mobiles shall not be permitted inside the examination hall.
11. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
12. OMR Answer Sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated in which case it will not be evaluated.
13. Ensure that your OMR Answer Sheet has been signed by the Invigilator and the candidate himself/herself.
14. At the end of the examination, hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator who will first tear off the original OMR sheet in presence of the Candidate and hand over the Candidate's Copy to the candidate.

1. With reference to Sufism, select the INCORRECT statement :
 - (A) The Sufi orders are broadly divided into two: Ba-shara and Be-shara
 - (B) The Sufi saints made themselves popular by adopting musical recitations called *Sama*
 - (C) Nizamuddin Auliya adopted yogic breathing exercises
 - (D) During the Sultanate period the Sufis were organized in 14 orders or *SILSILAHs*
2. Which of the following is NOT correctly matched?

Building	Ruler
(A) Agra Fort	Akbar
(B) Red Fort	Shah Jahan
(C) Buland Darwaza	Akbar
(D) Panch Mahal	Jahangir
3. Who among the following Bhakti leaders popularised Krishna Bhakti in many parts of eastern India ?
 - (A) Ramananda
 - (B) Chaitanya
 - (C) Kabir
 - (D) Raidas
4. Mira the famous Bhakti saint of 16th century is known for the many Bhajans, that she had composed in praise of :
 - (A) Lord Shiva
 - (B) Lord Brahma
 - (C) Lord Krishna
 - (D) Lord Ram
5. With reference to "Subsidiary Alliance", select the INCORRECT statement :
 - (A) The ruler of the allying Indian state was compelled to accept the permanent stationing of a British force within his territory
 - (B) The Indian ruler would agree to the posting at his court of a British Resident
 - (C) The Indian ruler would not employ any European in his service without the approval of the British
 - (D) Lord Wellesley signed Subsidiary Alliance with the Nizam of Hyderabad in 1805
6. With regard to the Revolt of 1857, who among the following scholars stated that, "The Indian Rebellion of 1857 was not one movement,..... it was many".
 - (A) C.A. Bayly
 - (B) R.C. Majumdar
 - (C) V.D. Savarkar
 - (D) Thomas Metcalf
7. The state of Satara was annexed through the Doctrine of Lapse in the year :
 - (A) 1847
 - (B) 1848
 - (C) 1849
 - (D) 1850
8. The 'Safety Valve Theory' has been referred to in the context of :
 - (A) Congress League Pact
 - (B) Foundation of Indian National Congress
 - (C) Surat Split
 - (D) Montague Chelmsford Reforms
9. The Cabinet Delegation consisted of :
 - (A) Lord Pethic Lawrence, Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. Alexander
 - (B) Lord Wavell, Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. Alexander
 - (C) Lord Wavell, Lord Pethic Lawrence and Mr. Alexander
 - (D) Sir Stafford Cripps, Lord Wavell and Lord Pethic Lawrence

10. With regard to Indian partition who among the following scholars stated that, British policy towards India was caught between two polarities: "Churchillian negativism and Crippsian constructiveness":
 (A) John Darwin
 (B) R.J. Moore
 (C) B.N. Pandey
 (D) V.P. Menon
11. The first session of the Constituent Assembly was convened on :
 (A) 9 December 1946
 (B) 11 December 1946
 (C) 12 December 1946
 (D) 13 December 1946
12. The Communist Party of India left the Congress party in the year :
 (A) 1944
 (B) 1945
 (C) 1946
 (D) 1947
13. With reference to "Rammohan Roy", select the INCORRECT statement :
 (A) Rammohan Roy represented a synthesis of the thought of East and West
 (B) In 1809 he wrote in Persian his famous work *Gift to Monotheists*
 (C) He started the Atmiya Sabha
 (D) In 1830 he established a Vedanta College
14. Which of the following documents of British education policy in India is considered as the Magna Carta of English education in India ?
 (A) Hunter Commission
 (B) Raleigh Commission
 (C) Wood's Dispatch
 (D) Radhakrishnan Commission
15. With regard to Ryotwari Settlement which of the following statements is NOT correct ?
 (A) Reed and Munro recommended this settlement.
 (B) This settlement brings into existence a system of peasant ownership
 (C) The *ryot* had to pay revenue even when his produce was partially or wholly destroyed
 (D) This settlement was in the end introduced in parts of the Madras and Bombay Presidencies in the beginning of the 19th Century
16. The Theosophical Society was founded in the United States by :
 (A) H.B. Blavatsky and Colonel H.S. Olcott
 (B) Lala Hansraj
 (C) Mahadev Govind
 (D) Gopal Hari Deshmukh
17. The site of Gofkral was excavated by :
 (A) K.D. Banerji and A.K. Sharma
 (B) T.N. Khanzanchi and H. Drummond
 (C) V.M. Masson and V.I. Sariandi
 (D) R.S. Bisht and R.K. Pant
18. Which of the following statement is NOT correct about Didda ?
 (A) She was the daughter of King Simharaja
 (B) From her mother's side, she was a granddaughter of King Bhima Sahi.
 (C) She assumed the royal power in 850 A.D.
 (D) She built the Visnu temple of Diddasvamin
19. Who among the following Kings introduced the office of *Calaganja* (moving treasure) ?
 (A) Avantivarman
 (B) Jayapida
 (C) Durlabhavardhana
 (D) Lalitapida

20. *Sivadrsti* was authored by :
- Bhatta Kallata
 - Abhinavagupta
 - Somananda
 - Abhinanda
21. Rinchan entered Kashmir from :
- Tosamaidan pass
 - Zoji-la-pass
 - Budil pass
 - Banihal pass
22. Who among the following sultans of Kashmir introduced the system of *Jarib* ?
- Zain-ul-Abden
 - Sultan Sikandar
 - Shah Muhammad
 - Sultan Qutb-ud-Din
23. Mughlas conquered Kashmir through which of the following passes ?
- Bhimbar
 - Zoji-la
 - Muzafarabad
 - Banihal
24. Zari Hubub was :
- Marriage tax
 - Religious tax
 - Grain tax
 - Tax on cattle
25. The Big Landed Estates Abolition Act was enacted in:
- 1947
 - 1948
 - 1949
 - 1950
26. Who among the following was NOT the member of Glancy Commission ?
- P.N. Baza
 - S.M. Abdullaha
 - Gh. Ahmad Ashai
 - Chaudhri Ghulam Abbass
27. The third annual session of Muslim Conference was held at :
- Khanqahi Mualla
 - Khanyar
 - Handwara
 - Sopore
28. Tambol was :
- A tax levied at the time of marriages in rulers family
 - A part of revenue extracted by officials as their own share
 - A tax for the maintenance of temples
 - A tax for the maintenance of priests
29. Which among the following was the leading city of Renaissance in Italy ?
- Naples
 - Milan
 - Florence
 - Genoa

30. The starting point for the Reformation was Luther's attack on the church's practice of selling indulgences in the year :
- (A) 1516
 - (B) 1517
 - (C) 1518
 - (D) 1519
31. Napoleon crowned himself Emperor of the French on :
- (A) 02 December 1804
 - (B) 04 December 1804
 - (C) 06 December 1804
 - (D) 08 December 1804
32. Who among the following authored the famous pamphlet *Common Sense* ?
- (A) Benjamin Franklin
 - (B) George Washington
 - (C) Voltaire
 - (D) Tom Paine
33. Which among the following countries was NOT the member of the Triple Alliance ?
- (A) Germany
 - (B) England
 - (C) Italy
 - (D) Austria
34. Benito Mussolini organized the Fascist party in the year :
- (A) 1917
 - (B) 1918
 - (C) 1919
 - (D) 1920
35. Which among the following statement is NOT correct about Hitler ?
- (A) He was born in Austria on April 20, 1889
 - (B) In 1921, he joined a small right-wing extremist group
 - (C) In 1923, he attempted to seize power in the state of Bavaria
 - (D) He divided the world into superior and inferior races and pitted them against each other in a struggle for survival
36. The Russian Marxists split into Mensheviks and Bolsheviks in the year :
- (A) 1903
 - (B) 1907
 - (C) 1913
 - (D) 1922
37. Who among the following was NOT a member of Yalta Conference ?
- (A) Churchill
 - (B) Stalin
 - (C) Roosevelt
 - (D) Palmiro Togliatti
38. The United Nations Charter became effective on :
- (A) 24 July 1945
 - (B) 24 October 1945
 - (C) 24 November 1945
 - (D) 24 December 1945
39. The first Conference of Non-Aligned countries was held in :
- (A) Belgrade
 - (B) Delhi
 - (C) Egypt
 - (D) Bandung

40. South Africa became the 109th member of NAM in the year :
 (A) 1992
 (B) 1993
 (C) 1994
 (D) 1995
41. The only surviving recension of the Rig Vedic text is :
 (A) Shakala shakha
 (B) Shukla
 (C) Krishna
 (D) Vajasaneya
42. Which of the following is NOT correctly matched ?
 (A) Lower Palaeolithic Pebble and core tools
 (B) Middle Palaeolithic Flake tools
 (C) Upper Palaeolithic Blade tools
 (D) Mesolithic Celts
43. The invasion theory regarding the decline of Harappan Civilization was propounded by :
 (A) George Dales
 (B) Mortimer Wheeler
 (C) P. V. Kane
 (D) B.B. Lal
44. During the Rig-Vedic times the term *Vrajapati* refers to :
 (A) Official in-charge of judicial administration
 (B) Official in-charge of foot soldiers
 (C) Official who enjoyed authority over large stretch of land or pasture
 (D) Official in-charge of Navy
45. The first lay followers of the Buddha were :
 (A) Tapassu and Bhalika
 (B) Suddhodana and Maya
 (C) Makkhali Gosala and Buddhaghosha
 (D) Ananda and Mahapajapati
46. Which of the following statement is NOT true about Mauryan empire?
 (A) According to Brahmanical tradition, Chandragupta was born of Mura
 (B) Buddhist tradition speaks of the Mauryas as the ruling clan of Pippalivana
 (C) Mudraraksha describes the machinations of Chanakya against Chandragupta's enemies
 (D) The administration of Pataliputra consisted of six committees each of which consisted of four members
47. Which of the following statement is NOT correct about Ashoka?
 (A) The name of Ashoka occurs in copies of Minor Rock Edict-I.
 (B) He replaced *Bherighosha* with *Dhammaghosha*
 (C) He appointed a class of officials known as the *Rajukas*
 (D) According to Buddhist tradition, he was a kind person in his early life
48. In India the two important political centres of Kushana power were :
 (A) Gandhara and Jalandhara
 (B) Kara-tepe and Dalverzin tepe
 (C) Purushapura and Mathura
 (D) Sirkap and Magadha
49. Which of the following sources provides information about Ramagupta ?
 (A) Prayag Prashasti
 (B) Devi-Chandragupta
 (C) Milindapanaha
 (D) Abhijana-Shakuntala
50. Under Guptas the term *Vishti* refers to :
 (A) King's share in the produce of the land
 (B) Forced labour
 (C) Emergence taxation
 (D) Levy collected by local chiefs

51. What was the common medium of exchange under Guptas ?
- Gold coins
 - Silver coins
 - Copper coins
 - Cowries
52. Which was the seat of power under Harsha?
- Kanauji
 - Pataliputra
 - Thanesar
 - Badami
53. Which of the following is NOT correctly matched ?
- | Book | Author |
|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| (A) Nuh Siphir | Amir Khusrau |
| (B) Fatwa-i-Jahandari | Ziauddin Barani |
| (C) Tabaqat-i-Nasiri | Minhaj-us-Siraj Juzjani |
| (D) Futuh-us-Salatin | Fakhra-i-Mudabir |
54. Iltutmish wrested the province of Lahore from :
- Chengiz Khan
 - Qubacha
 - Aibak
 - Jalauddin Mangbarni
55. With reference to Delhi Sultanate, who among the following created the institution of "Dwan-i-Amir-Kohi"?
- Alauddin Khalji
 - Firuz Shah Tughlaq
 - Muhammad bin Tughlaq
 - Jalaluddin Khalji
56. Who among the following Sultans of Delhi abolished the post of Naik ?
- Balban
 - Raziya
 - Iltutmish
 - Alauddin Khalji
57. The battle of Khanwa fought between Babur and the Rajput confederacy led by Rana Sanga took place in the year :
- 1524
 - 1525
 - 1526
 - 1527
58. The Zabti system is associated with :
- Raja Todar Mal
 - Mirza Aziz Khan
 - Raja Man Singh
 - Bairam Khan
59. The famous battle of Haldighatti was fought in the year :
- 1556
 - 1575
 - 1576
 - 1587
60. Which of the following statements is NOT correct about Aurangzeb ?
- Before becoming the Mughal Emperor, he was appointed as the Governor of Gujarat
 - He granted *inam* lands free of tax to non-Muslims
 - He led two expeditions to Qandahar
 - In 1662, he issued an order forbidding the construction of new temples by the Hindus

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Question Booklet Series

A

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1. With regard to the *Rig Veda Samhita*, which of the following statement is NOT correct ?
 (A) *Rig Veda Samhita* is a collection of 1028 *Suktas*.
 (B) *Shakala Shakha* is the only surviving recession of the *Rig Veda Samhita*.
 (C) Book seven of *Rig Veda Samhita* refers to a battle of ten kings.
 (D) *Shukla* and *Krishna* schools are associated with *Rig Veda Samhita*.
2. The half-life of Radiocarbon dating (C-14) is :
 (A) 5730
 (B) 5740
 (C) 5745
 (D) 5750
3. The idea that the Harappan civilization was destroyed by Aryan invaders was first put forward by :
 (A) Mortimer Wheeler
 (B) Ramaprasad Chanda
 (C) P.V. Kane
 (D) George Dales
4. With regard to the *Rig Vedic* Religion which of the following statement is NOT correct ?
 (A) It was a naturalistic polytheism.
 (B) *Indra* is the most frequently invoked god in the *Rig Veda*.
 (C) As far as funerary practices are concerned, *Rig Veda* only refers to cremation.
 (D) The *Rig Vedic* concept of *Rita* corresponds to the ancient Iranian concept of *Asha*.
5. The Jain sect before Mahavira was referred as :
 (A) *Nirgrantha*
 (B) *Acharanga*
 (C) *Sutrakritanga*
 (D) *Tirthankaras*
6. The poems and hymns composed by the Buddhist nuns were later compiled as :
 (A) *Tripitaka*
 (B) *Therigatha*
 (C) *Dipavamsa*
 (D) *Mahavastu*
7. With regard to Ashok's policy of *Dhamma* which of the following is NOT correct ?
 (A) It laid emphasis on the concept of *Ahimsa*.
 (B) Generation of mutual respect and concord among people was its essential feature.
 (C) According to pillar edict 6, the practice of inscribing *Dhamma* edicts on stone began 14 years after Ashok's *abhisheka*.
 (D) Rock edict five enjoins the *Dhamma Mahamatas* to spread *Dhamma*.
8. The title *Devputra* was adopted by the kings of :
 (A) Mauryas
 (B) Indo-Greeks
 (C) Sakas
 (D) Kushanas
9. Who among the following Gupta kings has been referred as *Lichchhavi-dauhitra* ?
 (A) Samudragupta
 (B) Chandragupta
 (C) Ghatotkacha
 (D) Ramagupta
10. The only bonafide inscription regarding the recording of a land grant made by the Gupta king is :
 (A) *Prayaga Prashasti*
 (B) Bhitari stone pillar inscription
 (C) Mehrauli inscription
 (D) Hunza inscription
11. Who among the following administrative officials, under Harshavardhana was known as *Sarva-palapati* ?
 (A) Chief of provincial army
 (B) In-charge of central treasury
 (C) Chief of all the villages
 (D) In-charge of gate-ways
12. Who among the following has authored the book, "Indian Feudalism" first published in the year 1965?
 (A) D.N. Jha
 (B) Upinder Singh
 (C) Romila Thapar
 (D) R.S. Sharma

13. Who among the following is the author of *Adab-ul-Harb-wa-al Shuja* ?
 (A) Fakhi Mudabbir
 (B) Al Beruni
 (C) Firdausi
 (D) Malik Juwaaini
14. Who among the following Sultans of Delhi discussed at length his views about kingship with his son according to *Tarikh-i-Firuz Shahi* of Ziauddin Barani ?
 (A) Iltutmish
 (B) Balban
 (C) Alauddin Khalji
 (D) Muhammad Tughluq
15. During the Sultanate period *Diwan-i-arz* was :
 (A) Revenue Department
 (B) Department of state correspondence
 (C) Military Department
 (D) Workshop
16. The *Iqta* under the Delhi Sultans was a territorial assignment and its holder was designated *Muqti* who :
 (A) Was the owner of the *Iqta* land
 (B) Was entitled to claim forced labour from the cultivators
 (C) Had claim on the person and property of the peasants
 (D) Had no claims on the peasants other than the land tax
17. The battle of Panipat between Ibrahim Lodi and Babur was fought on :
 (A) 20 April, 1526
 (B) 22 April, 1526
 (C) 25 April, 1526
 (D) 27 April, 1526
18. With regard to Sher Shah Sur, which of the following statement is NOT correct ?
 (A) He laid great emphasis on improving roads and system of communication.
 (B) In 1552, he organized a campaign to liberate Multan from the Biloch tribes.
 (C) He was born in Narnaul in 1486.
 (D) He died in May 1545.
19. Abul Fazl has grouped the Mansabdars into.....categories.
 (A) Two
 (B) Four
 (C) Three
 (D) Six
20. Akbar closed *Ibadat Khana* in the year :
 (A) 1575
 (B) 1578
 (C) 1581
 (D) 1582
21. Zeb-un-Nisa set up a literary atelier (*Bait-ul-ulum*) at Delhi to which she was banished by :
 (A) Aurangzeb
 (B) Akbar
 (C) Shah Jahan
 (D) Jahangir
22. Who among the following Sufi was called "*Sidh*" by Yogis ?
 (A) Khwaja Muinuddin Chishti^(RA)
 (B) Nizamuddin Auliya^(RA)
 (C) Nasiruddin Chiragh-i-Delhi^(RA)
 (D) Farid-ud-Din Ganj-i-Shakar^(RA)
23. With regard to the Mughal architecture which of the following statement is NOT correct ?
 (A) During the reign of Akbar two traditions of architecture were working simultaneously.
 (B) The Red Fort at Delhi built by Shah Jahan was also patterned on the fort at Agra.
 (C) The work on Buland Darwaza was started by Akbar in 1576 to commemorate his victory at Gujarat.
 (D) Jodha Bai Palace is within the Fatehpur Sikri.
24. During the Mughal period, the institution of *hundi* was developed by the :
 (A) Banjaras
 (B) Qasbahs
 (C) Khorasanis
 (D) Shroffs

25. In December 1763 Mir Kasim fled from Bengal and tried to form a grand alliance with which of the following ?
 (A) Shah Alam II and Shuja ud-Daula
 (B) Shuja ud-Daula and Mir Jafar
 (C) Shah Alam II and Mir Jafar
 (D) Jagat Seths
26. Who among the following Governor Generals initiated the policy of 'paramountcy' in India ?
 (A) Lord Wellesley
 (B) Lord Hastings
 (C) Lord Cornwallis
 (D) Lord Dalhousie
27. With regard to the Revolt of 1857, who among the following scholars describes it as, "The Indian Rebellion of 1857 was not one movement,....it was many".
 (A) R.C. Majumdar
 (B) S.N. Sen
 (C) C.A. Bayly
 (D) V.D. Savarkar
28. The Indian National Congress was formed in Bombay, under the presidency of :
 (A) R.P. Dutt
 (B) A.O. Hume
 (C) Dadabhai Naoroji
 (D) W.C. Bonnerji
29. The resolution on Quit India Movement was endorsed by the All India Congress Committee on :
 (A) 8 August 1942
 (B) 9 August 1942
 (C) 10 August 1942
 (D) 11 August 1942
30. Sir Stafford Cripps announced his proposals in the form of a Draft Declaration on :
 (A) 24 March 1942
 (B) 30 March 1942
 (C) 05 April 1942
 (D) 15 April 1942
31. Who among the following described, "Hindu-Muslim feud as the bulwark of British rule in India" ?
 (A) John Darwin
 (B) B.N. Pandey
 (C) Churchill
 (D) Joya Chatterji
32. With regard to Gandhi who among the following scholars states that, "His role in the Congress was similar to that of a head of an Oxbridge college who is greatly revered but has little influence on the governing body" ?
 (A) Cooper
 (B) D.N. Dhanagare
 (C) David Hardiman
 (D) S. Gopal
33. With regard to the Permanent Settlement of Bengal, which of the following statement is NOT correct ?
 (A) It vested the land ownership rights in the Zamindars
 (B) The peasants were left at the mercy of Zamindars
 (C) The zamindars had to pay a fixed amount of revenue by a particular date
 (D) None of the above
34. The Arya Samaj was founded in the year :
 (A) 1875
 (B) 1877
 (C) 1890
 (D) 1891
35. With regard to the Socio-religious reform movements during nineteenth century India which of the following statement is NOT correct ?
 (A) The cultural-ideological struggle, represented by the socio-religious movements, was an integral part of the evolving national consciousness.
 (B) The perspectives on reform were not always influenced by religious considerations.
 (C) Two important intellectual criteria which informed the reform movements were rationalism and religious universalism.
 (D) All of the Above

36. Thomas Babington Macaulay issued his famous Minute on Indian Education on :
 (A) 2 February 1835
 (B) 6 February 1835
 (C) 8 February 1835
 (D) 9 February 1835
37. The world famous Neolithic site at Burzahom was first excavated in the year :
 (A) 1935
 (B) 1936
 (C) 1960
 (D) 1961
38. With regard to the Avantivarman, which of the following statement is NOT correct ?
 (A) He was a scion of the family of Kalyapala and grandson of Utpalak.
 (B) He came to the throne of Kashmir in 855 AD.
 (C) The only disturbance in his long and peaceful reign seems to have been that of a Damara chief, Dhanva.
 (D) He died in the year 885.
39. Which among the following sites have Kushana deposits ?
 (A) Burzahom
 (B) Semthan
 (C) Balapur
 (D) Naranag
40. With reference to Kota Rani which of the following statement is NOT correct ?
 (A) She shifted her headquarters from Srinagar to Indarkot.
 (B) She died in prison in 1339.
 (C) She proclaimed herself as the ruler with the full support of the Lavanyas.
 (D) None of the above.
41. Who among the following scholars wrote Zaina Charit in Kashmiri describing the life and achievements of Sultan Zain-ul-Abidin
 (A) Nothosoma Pandit
 (B) Jonaraja
 (C) Mulla Ahmad
 (D) Sayyid Mohammad Sistani
42. The first Afghan Governor of Kashmir was :
 (A) Karim dad Khan
 (B) Abdullah Khan Ishq Aqasi
 (C) Zaman Shah
 (D) Abdullah Khan Kabuli
43. During the Sikh rule in Kashmir, Rusudat was a tax on :
 (A) Marriage
 (B) Shawl
 (C) Fruit trees
 (D) Houseboat
44. During the time of Akbar, Qazi Ali divided Kashmir into Parganas :
 (A) 35
 (B) 38
 (C) 40
 (D) 41
45. A. Wingate was appointed as the Settlement Officer for Kashmir in the year :
 (A) 1887
 (B) 1888
 (C) 1889
 (D) 1890
46. All Jammu and Kashmir National Conference was formed on :
 (A) 11 May 1939
 (B) 11 June 1939
 (C) 11 July 1939
 (D) 11 August 1939
47. The first president of All Jammu and Kashmir Praja Parishad party was :
 (A) Lala Roop Chand Nanda
 (B) Balraj Madhok
 (C) Hari Wazir
 (D) Prem Nath Dogra

48. The Plebiscite Front was founded on :
 (A) 06 August, 1955
 (B) 07 August, 1955
 (C) 08 August, 1955
 (D) 09 August, 1955
49. Who among the following is the author of the book, Divine Comedy ?
 (A) Francesco Petrarch
 (B) Dante Alighieri
 (C) Giotto di Bondone
 (D) Lorenzo Valla
50. The famous 'Boston Tea Party' incident took place on :
 (A) 12 December 1773
 (B) 13 December 1773
 (C) 14 December 1773
 (D) 15 December 1773
51. On the eve of the French Revolution, France was ruled by :
 (A) Louis XVI
 (B) Louis IX
 (C) Henry IV
 (D) Napoleon I
52. The actual beginning of the French Revolution was marked by the Oath of Tennis Court held on :
 (A) 12 June 1789
 (B) 20 June 1789
 (C) 24 June 1789
 (D) 26 June 1789
53. The Steam Engine was developed by :
 (A) James Watt
 (B) Hargreaves
 (C) Richard Arkwright
 (D) Edmund Cartwright
54. During the World War-I, Germany surrendered in :
 (A) September 1918
 (B) November 1918
 (C) October 1918
 (D) December 1918
55. Mussolini formed the National Fascist Party in :
 (A) 1919
 (B) 1920
 (C) 1921
 (D) 1922
56. The final surrender documents to end World War-II on 07 May 1945 were signed by :
 (A) Eva Braun
 (B) Hitler
 (C) Stalin
 (D) General Alfred Jodl
57. The Russian Federation was formed as a result of the break-up of the Soviet Union on :
 (A) 31 December 1991
 (B) 28 October 1991
 (C) 29 November 1991
 (D) 26 August 1991
58. Who among the following is considered to be the main propounder of the theory of Neo-colonialism ?
 (A) Andrew Heywood
 (B) Kwame Nkrumah
 (C) Robert Young
 (D) Nuggi Wa Thiong
59. Who among the following scholars coined the phrase 'Cold War' ?
 (A) E. Hobsbawm
 (B) E.H. Carr
 (C) Bernard Baruch
 (D) V. Crinnion
60. The United Nations was established as the successor to the League of Nations when 50 states met in :
 (A) New-York
 (B) Los Angeles
 (C) Chicago
 (D) San Francisco

Sr. No.655.....

ENTRANCE TEST-2020

SCHOOL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

HISTORY

Question Booklet Series

C

Total Questions : 60

Time Allowed : 70 Minutes

Roll No. :

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Instructions for Candidates :

1. Write your Entrance Test Roll Number in the space provided at the top of this page of Question Booklet and fill up the necessary information in the spaces provided on the OMR Answer Sheet.
2. OMR Answer Sheet has an Original Copy and a Candidate's Copy glued beneath it at the top. While making entries in the Original Copy, candidate should ensure that the two copies are aligned properly so that the entries made in the Original Copy against each item are exactly copied in the Candidate's Copy.
3. All entries in the OMR Answer Sheet, including answers to questions, are to be recorded in the Original Copy only.
4. Choose the correct / most appropriate response for each question among the options A, B, C and D and darken the circle of the appropriate response completely. The incomplete darkened circle is not correctly read by the OMR Scanner and no complaint to this effect shall be entertained.
5. Use only blue/black ball point pen to darken the circle of correct/most appropriate response. In no case gel/ink pen or pencil should be used.
6. Do not darken more than one circle of options for any question. A question with more than one darkened response shall be considered wrong.
7. There will be 'Negative Marking' for wrong answers. Each wrong answer will lead to the deduction of 0.25 marks from the total score of the candidate.
8. Only those candidates who would obtain positive score in Entrance Test Examination shall be eligible for admission.
9. Do not make any stray mark on the OMR sheet.
10. Calculators and mobiles shall not be permitted inside the examination hall.
11. Rough work, if any, should be done on the blank sheets provided with the question booklet.
12. OMR Answer Sheet must be handled carefully and it should not be folded or mutilated in which case it will not be evaluated.
13. Ensure that your OMR Answer Sheet has been signed by the Invigilator and the candidate himself/herself.
14. At the end of the examination, hand over the OMR Answer Sheet to the invigilator who will first tear off the original OMR sheet in presence of the Candidate and hand over the Candidate's Copy to the candidate.

1. The Congress-Khilafat Party was formed by :
 (A) C. R. Das and Moti Lal Nehru
 (B) Vallabhai Patel and Moti Lal Nehru
 (C) Rajendra Prasad and C. R. Das
 (D) Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and M. R. Jayakar
2. The Cabinet Delegation consisted of :
 (A) Lord Pethick Lawrence, Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. Alexander
 (B) Lord Wavell, Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. Alexander
 (C) Lord Wavell, Lord Pethick Lawrence and Mr. Alexander
 (D) Sir Stafford Cripps, Lord Wavell and Lord Pethick Lawrence
3. With reference to "Rammohan Roy", select the **incorrect** statement :
 (A) Rammohan Roy represented a synthesis of the thought of East and West
 (B) In 1809 he wrote in Persian his famous work *Gift to Monotheists*
 (C) He started the Atmiya Sabha
 (D) In 1830 he established a Vedanta College
4. Who among the following authored '*English Debt to India*' ?
 (A) Gopal Krishna Gokhale
 (B) P. C. Ray
 (C) Dada Bhai Naoroji
 (D) D. E. Wacha
5. Which of the following documents of British education policy in India is considered as the Magna Carta of English education in India ?
 (A) Hunter Commission
 (B) Raleigh Commission
 (C) Wood's Dispatch
 (D) Radhakrishnan Commission
6. The book '*Annihilation of Caste*' has been authored by :
 (A) B. K. Ghosh
 (B) B. C. Pal
 (C) B. R. Ambedkar
 (D) B. R. Chandra
7. The archaeological site of *Gofkral* has been excavated by :
 (A) K. D. Banerji and A. K. Sharma
 (B) S. S. Saar
 (C) S. P. Gupta
 (D) R. K. Pant
8. The famous towns of *Lokapunya* was established by :
 (A) Avantivarman
 (B) Parvarasena-II
 (C) Jayapida
 (D) Lalitaditya
9. Which of the following statements is **not** true about Avantivarman ?
 (A) Avantivarman's accession took place in 855-56 AD
 (B) He founded the city of Avantipura
 (C) He patronized Muktakana
 (D) He waged a number of wars to regain control over territories which his predecessors had lost
10. Didda was the grand-daughter of King :
 (A) Simharaja
 (B) Bhima Sahi
 (C) Kshemendra
 (D) Uchchala
11. *Zari Hubub* was :
 (A) Marriage Tax
 (B) Religious Tax
 (C) Grain Tax
 (D) Tax on Cattle

12. Who among the following Sikh Governors closed the Jamia Masjid Srinagar to public prayers ?
- Dewan Chand
 - Dewan Moti Ram
 - Dewan Kripa Ram
 - Maan Singh
13. Mulla Nadir and Mulla Fathi were in the court of :
- Zainul-ul-Abidin
 - Ali Shah
 - Sultan Sikandar
 - Hassan Shah
14. With reference to Sultan Shah Mir, select the **incorrect** statement :
- He came to Kashmir during the reign of Suhadeva
 - He helped Rinchina in his struggle against Ramacandra
 - He ascended the throne of Kashmir in 1339
 - He made Persian as court language
15. Who was the first British Resident in Kashmir ?
- St. Oliver John
 - Col. Nisbet
 - F. Younghusband
 - Walter Lawrence
16. Which of the following was **not** the member of Glancy Commission ?
- P. N. Bazaz
 - S. M. Abdullaha
 - Gh. Ahmad Ashai
 - Chaudhri Ghulam Abbass
17. The Big Landed Estates Abolition Act was enacted in :
- 1947
 - 1948
 - 1949
 - 1950
18. Who among the following was the first Land Settlement Commissioner of Kashmir ?
- Wingate
 - Walter Lawrence
 - Robert Clark
 - Tyndale Biscoe
19. Who is the author of the Book '*The Divine Comedy*' ?
- Dante
 - Francisco Petrich
 - Giovanni Boccaccio
 - None of the above
20. The *Hundred Years' War* (1337-1453) was between :
- England and Germany
 - England and Italy
 - England and France
 - England and America
21. The archetypal masterpiece of the Italian Renaissance is *Mona Lisa* by :
- Henis Dalvin
 - Michelangelo Buonarroti
 - Raphael Santi
 - Leonardo da Vinci

22. The war of American Independence ended with the settlement of Paris Pact in :
 (A) 1783
 (B) 1785
 (C) 1789
 (D) 1787
23. The Scottish economist Adam Smith wrote *The Wealth of Nations* in :
 (A) 1775
 (B) 1750
 (C) 1776
 (D) 1700
24. The immediate cause of the World War I was the assassination of Prince Ferdinand on 28 June 1914 at :
 (A) Sarajevo
 (B) Cuba
 (C) Serbia
 (D) Panama
25. "State first and everything later" was the slogan of :
 (A) Adolf Hitler (Germany)
 (B) Benito Mussolini (Italy)
 (C) Joseph Stalin (Soviet Union)
 (D) Kim IL Sung (North Korea)
26. On December 7, 1941, the American naval base of Pearl Harbour in Philippines was attacked by :
 (A) Germany
 (B) Italy
 (C) Soviet Union
 (D) Japan
27. Which among the following member countries constituted the Security Council of UNO ?
 (A) The United States, the Soviet Union, Britain, France & Italy
 (B) The United States, the Soviet Union, Britain, Japan & China
 (C) The United States, the Soviet Union, Britain, Germany & China
 (D) The United States, the Soviet Union, Britain, France & China
28. The origin of the Non-Aligned Movement is traced to the international conference held in 1955 at :
 (A) Sri Lanka
 (B) China
 (C) Indonesia
 (D) Burma
29. On 1 October, 1949, the Communist Party of China came to power under the leadership of :
 (A) Mao Tse-Tung
 (B) Sun Yat Sen
 (C) Chiang Kai Shek
 (D) None of them
30. In 1949, the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) was formed for defence against :
 (A) China
 (B) Soviet Union
 (C) Non-Aligned Countries
 (D) Germany
31. The Rig Veda Samhita is a collection of :
 (A) 1025 hymns (Suktas)
 (B) 1027 hymns (Suktas)
 (C) 1028 hymns (Suktas)
 (D) 1029 hymns (Suktas)

32. The Veda which contains reference to music is :
 (A) Rigveda
 (B) Yajurveda
 (C) Samaveda
 (D) Atharvaveda
33. Which of the following was not a Palaeolithic tool ?
 (A) Chopping tool
 (B) Cleavers
 (C) Pebble hand-axe
 (D) Quartz blade
34. Match List-I with List-II and select the answer from the codes given below :
- | List-I | | List-II | |
|-----------------|-------------|----------|--|
| Site | | Location | |
| (1) Mohenjodaro | I. Indus | | |
| (2) Rupar | II. Ghagger | | |
| (3) Kalibangan | III. Sutlej | | |
| (4) Harappa | IV. Ravi | | |
- Codes :**
- | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) IV | III | II | I |
| (B) III | IV | I | II |
| (C) I | III | II | IV |
| (D) I | II | III | IV |
35. Magadha had its capital initially at :
 (A) Rajagriha
 (B) Champa
 (C) Kosala
 (D) Varuna
36. Buddha gave his first sermon in a deer park at :
 (A) Lakhijopir
 (B) Ujjain
 (C) Ahichchhatra
 (D) Benaras
37. Which of the following is **not** correctly matched ?
 (A) Bhaga Land tax
 (B) Devanampiyapitadassi Ashoka
 (C) Kshetrika Tenant
 (D) Shulka Duties on imported and exported goods
38. Which of the following statement is **not** correct about Ashoka ?
 (A) The name of Ashoka occurs in copies of Minor Rock Edict-I
 (B) He replaced *Bherighosha* with *Dhammaghosha*
 (C) He appointed a class of officials known as the *Rajukas*
 (D) He disbanded huge army immediately after the Kalinga war
39. Match List-I with List-II and select the answer from the codes given below :
- | List-I | List-II |
|------------------|---------------|
| Ruler | Dynasty |
| (1) Milinda | I. Indo-Greek |
| (2) Rudraman-I | II. Shaka |
| (3) Gondophernes | III. Partian |
| (4) Kanishka | IV. Kushan |
- Codes :**
- | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|--------|-----|-----|-----|
| (A) I | IV | II | III |
| (B) IV | II | III | I |
| (C) I | II | III | IV |
| (D) I | III | II | IV |
40. The Gupta empire was divided into provinces known as :
 (A) Bhuktis
 (B) Vishayas
 (C) Pathaka
 (D) Petha

41. The office of Akshapatal-adhikrita under Guptas was :
 (A) Keeper of horses
 (B) Keeper of royal records
 (C) Keeper of land records
 (D) Keeper of temple records
42. Which of the following statement is **not** correct ?
 (A) *Banabhata* was the court poet of *Harshavardhana*
 (B) *Harshavardhana* was the author of *Ratnavali*
 (C) He was defeated by *Pulaksen-II*
 (D) Fa-hien visited India during the time of *Harshavardhana*
43. The Second Battle of Tarain was fought between :
 (A) Mahmud Ghazni and Anand Pal
 (B) Muhammad Ghori and Jaichandra
 (C) Muhammad Ghori and Prithviraj
 (D) Mahmud Ghazni and Prithviraj
44. After the death of Qutb-ud-Din Aibak, Ali Mardan Khan had declared himself the king of :
 (A) Bengal and Bihar
 (B) Multan
 (C) Punjab
 (D) Ajmer
45. With reference to Delhi Sultanate, who among the following created the institution of "Dwan-i-Amir-Kohi" ?
 (A) Ghazan Khan
 (B) Muhammad Tughlaq
 (C) Ghiyasuddin Tughlaq
 (D) Alauddin Khalji
46. The Moroccan traveller, *Ibn Battuta* came to Delhi in the year :
 (A) 1332
 (B) 1333
 (C) 1334
 (D) 1335
47. The First Battle of Panipat was fought on :
 (A) 05 April 1526
 (B) 10 April 1526
 (C) 15 April 1526
 (D) 20 April 1526
48. Who wrote the book *Muntakhab-ut-Tawarikh* ?
 (A) Muhammad Arif Qandhari
 (B) Khafi Khan
 (C) Abdul Qadir Badauni
 (D) Abdul Hamid Lahori
49. The religious philosophy of *Din-i-Illahi* was introduced by Akbar in the year :
 (A) 1587
 (B) 1582
 (C) 1583
 (D) 1588
50. The *Zabti* system is associated with :
 (A) Raja Todar Mal
 (B) Mirza Aziz Khan
 (C) Raja Man Singh
 (D) Bairam Khan
51. With reference to Sufism, select the **incorrect** statement :
 (A) The Sufi orders are broadly divided into two: *Ba-shara* and *Be-shara*
 (B) The Sufi saints made themselves popular by adopting musical recitations called *Sama*
 (C) Nizamuddin Auliya adopted yogic breathing exercises
 (D) During the Sultanate period the Sufis were divided into 14 orders or *Silsilahs*
52. The *Quwwat-ul-Islam* mosque and its grand minaret was built by :
 (A) Ghiyasuddin Tughlaq
 (B) Alauddin Khalji
 (C) Qutbuddin
 (D) Balban

53. Akbar's mausoleum at *Sikandra* was built by :
 (A) Jahangir
 (B) Shah Jahan
 (C) Aurangzeb
 (D) Shah Alam
54. Mira the famous Bhakti saint of 16th century is known for many *Bhajans* she had composed in praise of :
 (A) Lord Shiva
 (B) Lord Brahma
 (C) Lord Ram
 (D) Lord Krishna
55. With reference to "Subsidiary Alliance", select the **incorrect** statement :
 (A) The ruler of the allying Indian state was compelled to accept the permanent stationing of a British force within his territory
 (B) The Indian ruler would agree to the posting of a British Resident at his court
 (C) The Indian ruler would not employ any European in his service without the approval of the British
 (D) Lord Wellesley signed Subsidiary Alliance with the Nizam of Hyderabad in 1805
56. The state of Satara was annexed through the Doctrine of Lapse in the year :
 (A) 1847
 (B) 1848
 (C) 1849
 (D) 1850
57. With reference to revolt of 1857, which of the following is **not** correctly matched ?
- | Leader | Place of Resistance |
|------------------------|---------------------|
| (A) Begum Hazrat Mahal | Lucknow |
| (B) Maulvi Ahmadullah | Awadh |
| (C) Nana Saheb | Kanpur |
| (D) Kunwar Singh | Delhi |
58. The 'Safety Valve Theory' has been referred to in the context of :
 (A) Congress League Pact
 (B) Foundation of Indian National Congress
 (C) Surat Split
 (D) Montague Chelmsford Reforms
59. Gandhiji in his first great experiment in Satyagraha at Champaran was accompanied by :
 (A) J. B. Kripalani
 (B) Moti Lal Nehru
 (C) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
 (D) G. K. Gokhale
60. With reference to Act of 1935, which of the following statements is **not** correct ?
 (A) The Act provided for the establishment of an All India Federation
 (B) It introduced Provincial Autonomy
 (C) A three-fold division of subjects were made, Federal, Provincial and Concurrent
 (D) It introduced Dyarchy in the provinces